

Scheduled Budget Meetings

\$MAY 14™ SERVICE & SUPPLY AND SALARIES & EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

♦ MAY 29TH PROJECT BUDGET

***JUNE 11TH REVIEW DRAFT OF ENTIRE BUDGET**

*JULY 9TH CONSIDERATION & APPROVAL OF FY2020/21 BUDGET

- Service and Supply Budget includes:
- Operations Expenses
- Maintenance Expenses
- Administration Expenses
- General Expenses

ervice & supp OVERVIEW OF REALLOCATIONS

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MATERIALS & SUPPLIES

TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

AUTO OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

RADIO/COMM. SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

USGS STATION

TELEPHONE

INTERNET

• IT & SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE

DUES & SUBSCRIPTIONS

COUNTY PROPERTY TAX

NET CHANGE

\$0

+\$2,100

<\$100>

+\$2,000

<\$1,000>

+\$300

<\$2,000>

<\$300>

+\$2,000

+\$3,000

<\$5,000>

<\$1,000>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION PROVIDED ON FOLLOWING SLIDE

USGS STATION

ADDITIONAL DETAIL

ESTIMATED CPI INCREASE

IT & SOFTWARE MAINTENANCE

ESTIMATED INCREASE

DUES & SUBSCRIPTIONS

CSDA - ESTIMATED INCREASE

ACWA/JPIA – ESTIMATED INCREASE

\$ 380

\$1,720

Questions?

+\$150

+\$2,000

+\$2,100

The cost of power paid by the District has seen an unprecedented increase.

SYURA - POWIER ANALYS

As part of the review and generation of the FY21 Budget, staff completed a thorough analysis of PG & E bills for the past three years.

POWER ANALYSIS

PG&E bills have many components and rate calculations including:

maintaining a constant supply of electricity. These charges are based on the "Demand Charges" are additional fees charged to commercial accounts for energy used during different peak rates (time-of-day).

Charges are also based on different peak rates. **"Energy Charges"** are the charges for the electricity actually used. These

rates are both seasonally and peak rated. (The District pays RCEA these fees). "Generation Charges" are the charges for the production of electricity. These

(11) "Customer Charges" are based on the number of days in the billing period.

choose another provider of electricity generation service (RCEA) "Power Charge Indifference Adjustment" (PCIA) is an exit fee charged by California utility companies on entities that leave the bundled service and

Service & Supply

Generation Charges

POWER ANALYSIS

FY20 saw increases in essentially all aspects of the PG&E bills, including:

PCIA **Energy Charges Demand Charges** Customer Charges +≈ 7% **+** +≈ 28% 30%

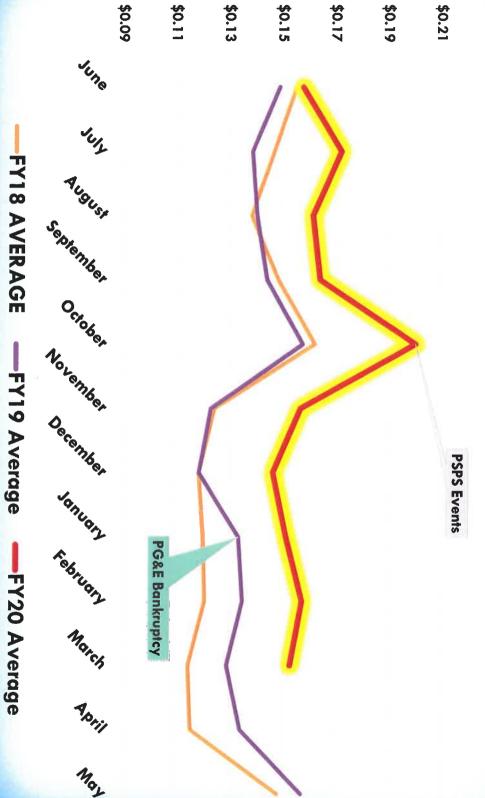
+≈ 8.9%-9.6% +≈ 11%

facilities: \$66,120 (FY18 \$56,033 & FY19 \$59,078) FY20 Average Monthly PG&E Expense, including all

power expense on average Pumping and TRF electricity accounts for 97.3% of the total

PUMPING — Average Cost of kWh* POWER ANALYSIS

\$0.23

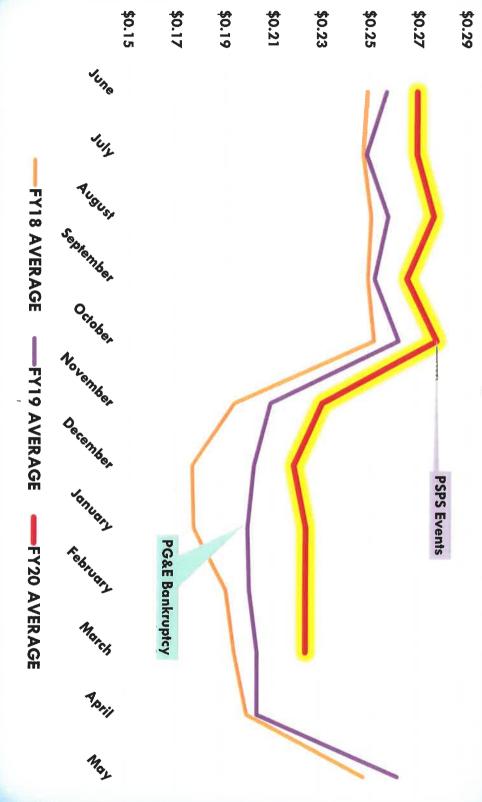


*Calculated by dividing the kWh used during the month by the amount of the bill — this average includes all aspects of the monthly bill

e

POWER ANALYSIS

TRF — Average Cost of kWh*



*Calculated by dividing the kWh registered on this meter by the amount of the bill for same meter this average includes all aspects of the monthly bill.

\$60,000.00

\$65,000.00

\$70,000.00

\$55,000.00

\$50,000.00

All PG&E Expenses by Month

POWER ANALYSIS

\$75,000.00

PSPS Events

FY18 TOTAL PG&E

Seplenber

December

January

rebruary.

Morch

PG&E Bankruptcy

\$45,000.00

-FY19 TOTAL PG&E

-FY20 TOTAL PG&E

OWER ANALYSIS-PSPS October 2019

October 2019 PSPS Events

- diesel fuel.) District lost power for $pprox 5 ext{days.}$ (Essex operated on generator power, resulting in increased use of
- Charges for October are highest for entire year at \$71,969
- This includes <\$4,777> in "Electric Adjustments/PSPS credits"
- Cost per kWh in October=\$0.201 (September=\$0.164 and November=\$0.157)

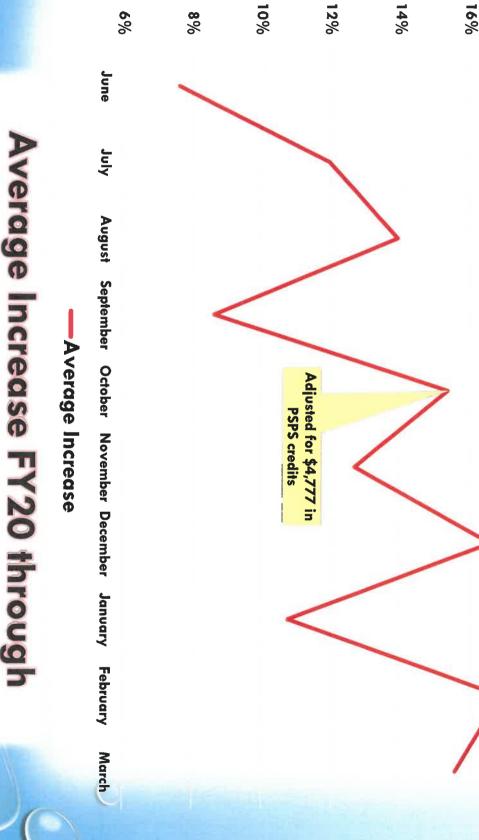
Rate Increases in OCTOBER:

- Demand Charges:
- Max Peak increased from \$18.94 to \$22.38 kW
- Part Peak increased from \$5.14 to \$5.94 kW
- Max Demand increased from \$15.87 to \$17.37 kW
- Customer Charges
- Increased from \$32.85 to \$49.28/day
- Power Generation Charges (every rate increased)
- Demand On-Peak Summer increased from \$13.09 to \$15.65

Service & Supply







March 2020=12.29%

& Supp Service

PG & E submitted a General Rate Case (GRC) to the California Public Utilities WER ANALYSIS - RATE INCREASES*

- Commission (CPUC) for the following rate increases:
- PG & E requested a rate increase of 12.4% for 2020 $$680,800 \times 12.4\% = $84,400$ \$765,200 District Cost
- PG & E has requested a rate increase of 4.7% for 2021 \$765,200×4.7% = \$36,000 \$801,200 District Cost
- PG & E has requested a rate increase of 4.8% for 2022 $$801,200 \times 4.8\% = 38,500$ \$839,700 District Cost

NECESSARY BUDGET INCREASE

POWER

+\$83,700 (12.29%)

Questions/Input?

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Total Operations & Maint.	Ruth Lake License	USGS Stations	Radio/Comm. System Maint.	Auto Operations & Maintenance	Laboratory Services	Tools & Equipment	Safety Equip. & Training (General & TRF)	Materials & Supplies (General & TRF)	Maintenance & Repairs (General & TRF)	General Engineering			Operations & Maintenance
\$318,200	\$1,500	\$8,200	\$10,500	\$40,000	\$13,000	\$3,000	\$24,000	\$70,000	\$73,000	\$75,000		Budget	2019/20
\$316,200	\$1,500	\$8,350	\$8,500	\$39,850	\$13,000	\$5,000	\$24,000	\$73,000	\$68,000	\$75,000		Budget	2020/21
<\$2,000>	\$0	\$150	<\$2,000>	<\$150>	\$0	\$2,000	\$	\$3,000	<\$5,000>	\$0		₩	Change

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Subtotal General/Admin	Dues/Subscriptions	Travel/Conference	IT & Software Maintenance	Office Expense	Office Maintenance	Internet	Telephone	Insurance	Professional Services	Legal Services	Accounting Services	General /Admin & Power
\$375,500	\$26,000	\$25,000	\$29,000	\$40,500	\$16,000	\$11,000	\$50,000	\$105,000	\$20,000	\$35,000	\$18,000	2019/20 Budget
\$377,600	\$28,100	\$25,000	\$31,000	\$40,500	\$16,000	\$10,000	\$49,000	\$105,000	\$20,000	\$35,000	\$18,000	2020/21 Budget
\$2,100	\$2,100	\$0	\$2,000	\$ 0	\$0	<\$1,000>	<\$1,000>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	Change \$

Power Safety Apparel Power Subtotal General/Admin & Power Total General/Admin & Miscellaneous Expenses **Ruth Lake Programs** Regulatory Agency Fees County Property Tax **GM Training** Technical Training/Development General/Admin & Power (con't) \$1,233,400 \$1,321,100 \$85,700 2019/20 \$857,900 \$680,800 \$139,000 Budget \$14,500 \$11,500 \$1,100 \$3,000 \$5,000 \$3,000 2020/21 \$943,500 \$764,500 \$141,000 Budget \$14,500 \$11,500 \$5,000 \$3,000 \$1,000 \$3,000 Change \$85,600 \$83,700 <\$100> \$2,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0

5.5%	\$85,700	\$1,637,300	\$1,551,600	GRAND TOTAL Service & Supply Budget
7.1%	\$87,700	\$1,321,100	\$1,233,400	Total General/Admin & Power (Slides 15-16)
<0.6%>	<\$2,000>	\$316,200	\$318,200	Total Operations & Maintenance (Slide 14)
nge %	Change \$	2020/21 Budget	2019/20 Budget	

Discussion?



Salary es Budger



EDUCATIONAL - Wage Aanalysis

- between public sector employment and private sector employment. Using a stepped salary schedule is one of the many factors that is different
- The District currently uses a 5-Step Salary Schedule for all Full-Time **Employees**
- Other local agencies use between 5-10 step salary schedules. The Federal Government uses a 10-step model.
- experience and skill level, they may start at a step above step one. Depending on the position, and depending on the new employees
- With Satisfactory job performance, typically an employee moves up one step with each annual evaluation, until they reach step five

DUCATIONAL - Wage Analysis, con't. ary & Wages Budget

- Once at step five, the employee is at their maximum pay level.
- employees wages. Instead, COLA's keep employees' wages equivalent to increases for staff relatively consistently, COLA's do not increase While most government agencies (including the District) approve COLA less due to inflation. prior years' purchasing power, to prevent their salaries actually buying
- Without additional step increases, staff at their maximum pay, face "pay ability, the employee does not receive an increase in pay. stagnation" where regardless of their continued increase in knowledge and
- This can cause an employee to look elsewhere, where their skill level is compensated by a more attractive salary schedule

DUCATIONAL - Wage Analysis, con't. Hary & Wages Budget

- To combat "pay stagnation" and to encourage longevity in employees, the years of employment. District has implemented "longevity pay" at 5, 10, 20, 25, 30, and 35
- The District's longevity pay increases rage from 21/2% to 7.5%
- The challenge to any government agency, is to ensure their salary step schedule remains competitive with other agencies
- In order to accomplish this, both the salary schedule and the actual work performed needs to be reviewed on a regular basis
- This review is accomplished through a "Wage and Time-Study Analysis"

EDUCATIONAL - Wage Analysis, con't.

- risks becoming out-dated regarding their pay and job descriptions Without an analytical review and comparison to other agencies, an agency
- Additionally, without regular review and comparison of pay rates, an agency risks having to manage large necessary wage increases once the analysis is completed
- 5%-25% The last time the District completed this process was in 2008. At that time, the analysis resulted in an increase in employee pay rates between
- Staff proposes to complete an in-depth Wage and Time-Study analysis of current pay rates and job descriptions as compared to other agencies over the next six months
- Staff will bring the findings back to the Board at that time for review and

- Salary and Wages Budget includes:
- All Salary and Wage Expenses
- Regular Pay
- Special PayShift Differentia
- Stand-By
- *Overtime
 *Holiday
- Longevity, Step, and COLA Increases

OVERVIEW COMPARED TO PRIOR BUDGET salary & Wages Budget

- NEW REQUEST* Add permanent, part-time staff to
- Maintenance Worker 5-Step wage schedule +\$5,900
- NEW REQUEST* Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) (3.0% Calculated)

+\$65,300

Misc. Step Increases, Other Longevity Increases (Change is negative due to long-term employee retirement)

<\$5,300>

Total Increase

+\$65,900

^{*}Additional information on following slides

INCLUDE PERMANENT PART-TIME STAFF IN STANDARD 5-STEP WAGE SCHEDULE NEW REQUEST

- Currently two (2) permanent part-time positions both at Ruth Hydro.
- Ruth Hydro Operator is a critical operation, security, and safety position.
- staff at current "part-time-rate." Past practice has been to hire permanent part-time
- "Part-Time-Rate" has historically been less than the hourly rate of full-time staff doing the same work.
- compensation commensurable with experience for Current practice does not allow for increased permanent part-time employees

STANDARD 5-STEP WAGE SCHEDULE

\$5,900 \$4,400 \$2,000

Discussion?



Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) & Consumer Price Index (CPI)

CPI Indices used to help establish basis for COLA since 1975

COLA's help employees address inflation over time

COLA's help maintain compensation parity with other local agencies

Cost of Living Allowance (COLA)

2020 CONSUMER PRICE INDEX* OVERVIEW

U.S. City A	
verage	
2.5%	

(Urban areas in one of four US regions)	West Region
	ى د
2.7/0	0

(Cities in West Region with population under 2.5 million)	West Region Size Class B/C
2.8%	000

San	
n Francisco-Oakland-Hayward	
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3.3%	

^{*}District has historically used the January CPI as guideline

Lost of Living Allowance (COI WHAT ARE OTHER AGENCIES DOING?

3.0% Requested	2.7%	HBMWD
2.5%	2.5%	ACWA/JPIA
Contract Negotiations	1.0% January 2019	City of Eureka
1% July 2020 + 2% January 2021	1% 7/19+\$200 2% 1/20 plus new Salary Step 5A (+2.5%)	City of Arcata
2.7%	3.30%	Humboldt CSD
2.75%	3.45%	McKinleyville CSD
COLA FY20/21	COLA FY19/20	

 ω

Cost of Living Allowance (COL HISTORICAL COLA RATES

Agency HCSD MCSD	FY17 0% 1.15%	FY18 1.9% 1.8%	FY19 2.8% 2.75%	FY20 3.3% 3.45%	FY21 Request 2.7%
MCSD	1.15%	1.8%	2.75%	3.45%	2.75%
City of Eureka	0%	1%	1%	1%	N/A
City of Arcata	1.5%	1.5%	2.5%	3% plus 2.5% Salary Step	3%
HBMWD	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	2.7%	3%

Cost of Living Allowar

3.3%	3.0%	2.9%	2.8%	2.7%	2.5%	Calculated COLA %
\$71,800	\$65,300	\$63,100	\$60,900	\$58,800	\$54,400	FY20/21 Impact

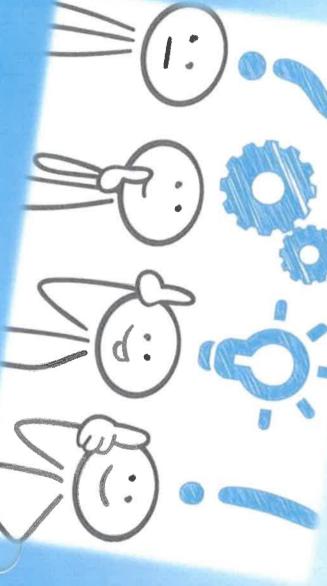
Cost of Living Allowance (COL

0

EW REQUES

Questions?

input?



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SUMMARY

NEW — Add permanent part-time employees to 5-step schedule

\$3,800

NEW - COLA (CALCULATED AT 3.0%)

\$65,300

Misc. step & other longevity increases

<\$5,300>

Total Change

+\$63,800

TOTAL SALARY & WAGES BUDGET

\$2,465,200

+2.6%

DISCUSSION?

Employee efits Budget

Employee Benefits Budget Includes:

All Health Insurance:

Medical

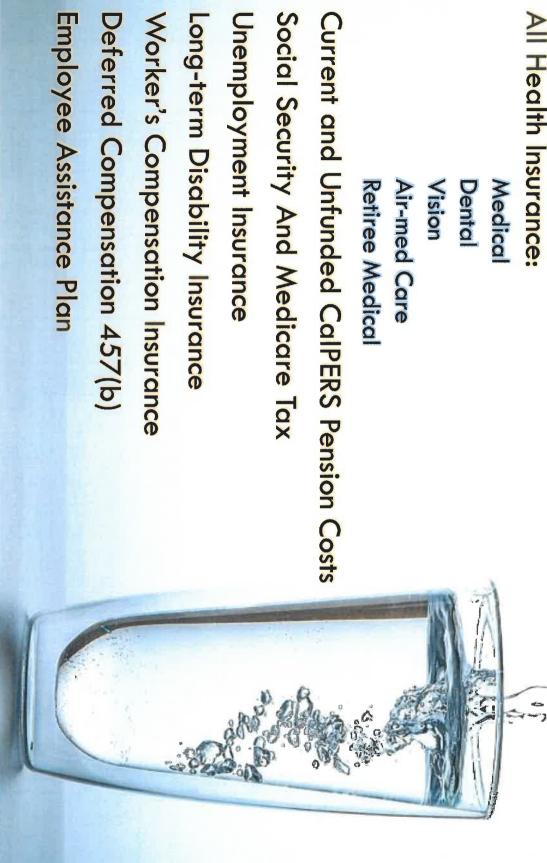
Dental

Vision

Air-med Care

Retiree Medical

- Social Security And Medicare Tax
- Unemployment Insurance
- Long-term Disability Insurance
- Worker's Compensation Insurance
- Deferred Compensation 457(b)
- **Employee Assistance Plan**



Employee Benefits Budget OVERVIEW OF CHANGES

NEW REQUEST — HSA Incentive — On-Going

+\$1,000*

+\$27,400

CalPERS Pension Liabilities

+\$ 8,000

Monthly Pension Liabilities

Unfunded Liability

+\$19,400

Worker's Compensation Ins. (ExMod Est. 1.36)

+\$15,000

Payroll Tax Expenses

+\$2,300

Medical Insurance Premiums
 JPIA estimated between 2%-6% increase

+\$17,700

Total Increase

+\$63,400

*Represents cost for FY21. If all current enrollees were eligible, expense to District would total +\$10,000

Employee Benefits Budget OVERVIEW OF CHANGES con ?.

- No Estimated Rate Increases For:
- Long Term Disability
- Unemployment Insurance
- Life Insurance
- Vision & Dental Insurance (JPIA Estimate)



REQUEST - HSA INCENTIVE - ONGOING

Currently HSA "incentive" is available for the first 4-years of Consumer-Driven Health Plan (CDHP) enrollment.

- District contributes the Deductible to the HSA for staff (\$1,500/\$3,000) for single/all others).
- enrollees. This amount is also contributed to the employees HSA. District incentive is the additional \$1,000 Maximum Out-of-Pocket costs for
- **Current Cost of Plans:**

PPO Family \$30,750/year

HMO Family \$30,750/year

CDHP Family \$24,500/year + District contributions=\$28,500/year

- Savings of \$2,250/year per family.
- Annual savings based on current CDHP enrollment=\$25,800

CALCARE HMO

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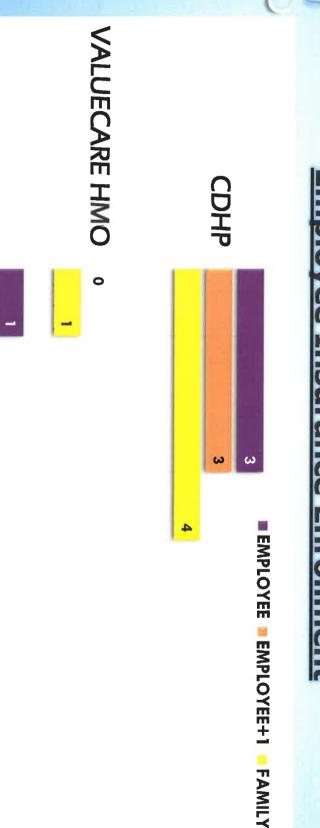
PPO

2

0

Employee Insurance Enrollment

REQUEST - HSA INCENTIVE - ONGOING



Historical Review

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

here are many layers involved in an analysis of Retiree Medical Insurance Premium Contributions made by the District.

Facts to keep in mind:

- The District has two separate contracts with CalPERS for staff retirement plans:
- year of service A: Classic Members - Retirement eligible at age 55, 2% for each
- o Currently, Classic employees have an average of 1.7-years until retirement eligibility.
- B: PEPRA Members Retirement eligible at age 62, 2% for each year of service
- Currently, PEPRA employees have an average of 18-years until retirement elgibility.

Historical Review

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions





- July 8th, 2004 (eight employees). \$640/month. This tier includes all employees hired prior to 1: <u>Tier One:</u> Lifetime District medical contribution of
- 2: <u>Tier Two:</u> District medical contribution of \$640/month for employees). maximum of 10-years or until age 65 (whichever is first). This tier includes all employees hired July 9th, 2004 or later (twenty

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions Historical Review

Even more facts to keep in mind:

- The District has "Classic" employees in both tiers for **Retiree Medical Insurance Contributions**
- CalPERS retirement eligible at age 55, lifetime retiree medical contributions = *eight employees*
- years/65 retiree medical contributions = ten employees CalPERS retirement eligible at age 55, maximum of 10
- Of the eighteen "Classic" employees, eight are currently eligible for retirement
- All PEPRA employees are in Tier Two of Retiree Medical Contributions
- years/65 retiree medical contributions = ten employees CalPERS retirement eligible at age 62, maximum of 10

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

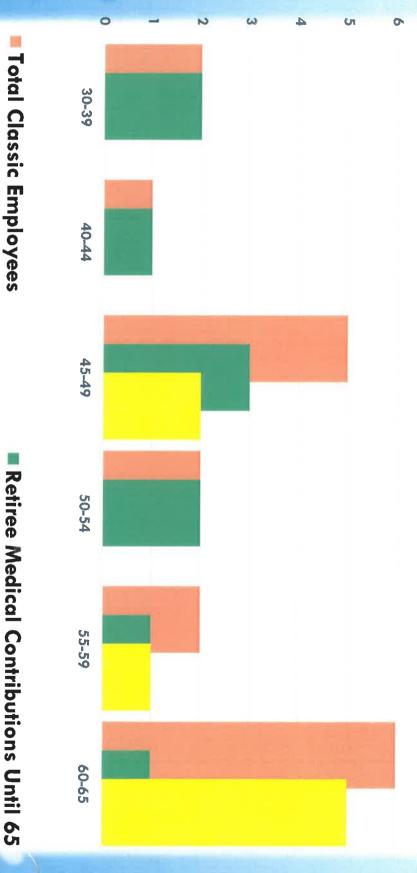
The Last facts to keep in mind:

- The District (like many agencies) currently manages it's Retiree Medical Plan as "Pay-as-you-Go."
- This means as staff retires, the District pays the post retirement medical contribution expense
- This also means that when the District incurs these expenses, remaining employed staff must find a way to fund these payments.
- Obligations. (The solution to this is to establish a Section-115 OPEB Trust, but that is a This is how "Unfunded OPEB" Liability" has been created. The discussion for another day ©) District does not have the funds set aside for these future financial
- is included on the Balance Sheet As with any liability, the Unfunded OPEB Liability (currently \$4.2M)
- High liabilities will potentially decrease borrowing options to fund large projects in the future



*OPEB: Other Post Employment Benefits

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions "Classic" Employees, eligible to retire at 55 Historical Review



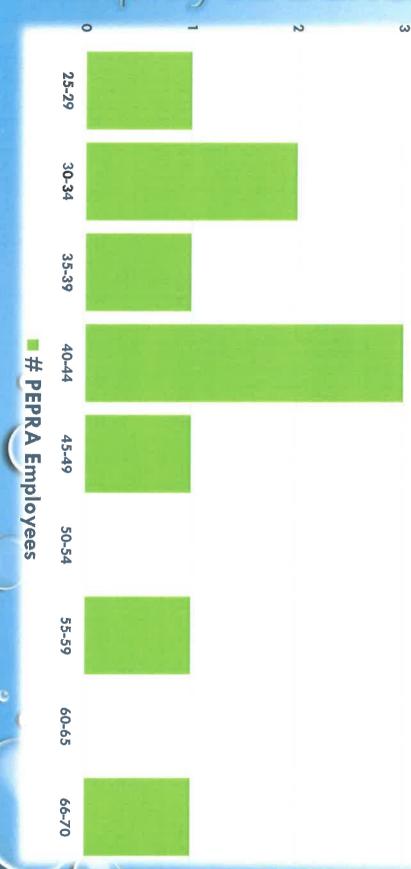
Lifetime Retiree Medical Contributions

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Benefits Bud

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions **Historical Review**

Retiree Medical Contribution ceases at 10-years/age 65 "PEPRA" Employees, eligible to retire at 62



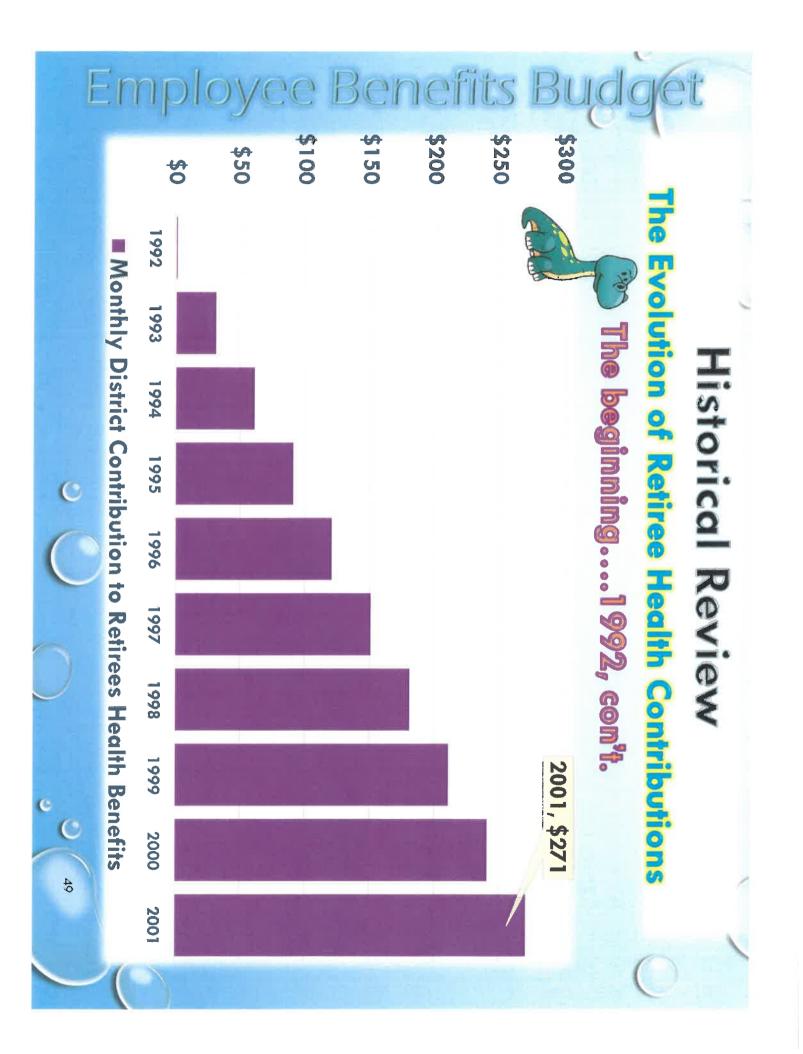
Historical Review

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

The beginning....1992

retirees In 1992, as required by the District's Health Care Provider (PERS), the District began providing health care benefits to

- The initial District contribution was \$1.00/month, and was increased annually by 5% of the maximum monthly District medical contribution for active employees
- At the time, the District maximum monthly medical contribution for active employee was \$600/month.
- \$600/month. retiree Health Care benefits. The maximum monthly By 2001, the District was contributing \$271/month for medical contribution for active employee remained at



The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions The next step....2002/2003 Historical Review

In 2002, the District moved from PERS to ACWA/HBA (now options for employees ACWA/JPIA) for lower premiums and additional plan

ACWA/HBA required monthly retiree medical benefit premium of the least expensive plan". contributions of at least 50% of the "employee-only health

January 2002, the District began paying 50% of retiree medical premiums, not to exceed \$600.00

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions Historical Review

The next step....2002/2003, cont

- employees." "exceed the maximum District contribution for active increases to the retiree medical contribution, not to January 2003, District continued with the annual 5%
- July 2003. The maximum monthly medical contribution for active employees increased from \$600/month to \$800.00/month



Historical Review

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

...and the step after that....2011

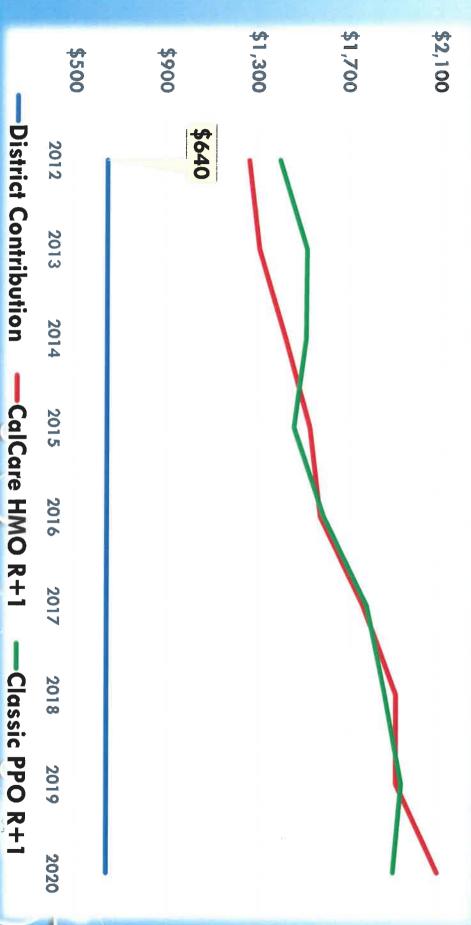
- reduction of 4%. offered by ACWA/JPIA, resulting in an over-all rate In 2011, the District transitioned to the "incentive" rates
- In order to qualify for new "incentive" rates, the District was \$600 to \$640/month. required to increase the retiree medical contribution from
- 0 The District medical contribution for retirees was increased to July 8, 2004 \$640/month with no time limit for employees hired before
- 0 For employees hired after July 8, 2004, the District medical comes first. contribution for retirees was increased to \$640/month for a maximum of up to ten (10) years or until age 65, whichever



Historical Review

The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions ...and the step after that....2011, con't

Comparison of District Retiree Medical Contribution to Non-Medicare Health Care Premiums



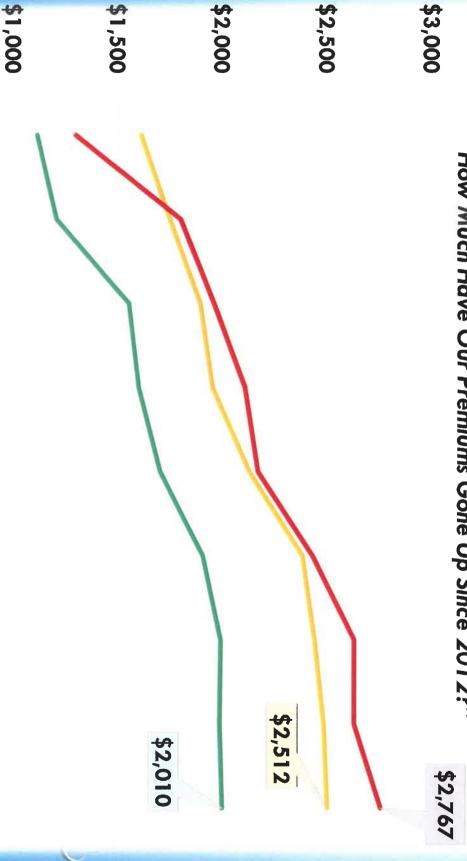
Questions from staff members: The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions Historical Review

- When was the last time the District adjusted the medical premium [contribution] for Retiree's?
- *** 2012**
- 2. What was the average cost of plans at the time, or the cost at the time of the Classic Family PPO?
- The average monthly premium for all plans in 2012 was \$1,348
- The monthly premium for Classic Family PPO in 2012 was \$1,619
- 3. How much have our health insurance premiums gone up since the time the cap was instituted?
- * From 2012 Present: average of 5.7% each year across all plans, see graph following.

Historical Review

Questions from staff members, cont.: The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

"How Much Have Our Premiums Gone Up Since 2012?"



Classic PPO - Family

-CalCare HMO - Family

—CDHP - Family

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

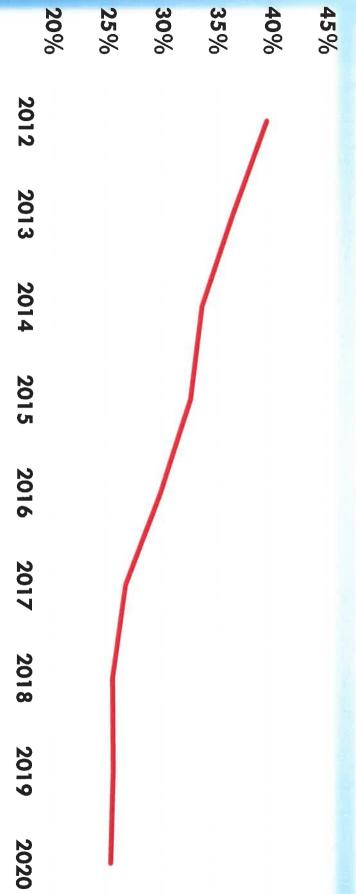
2019

2020

Historical Review

Questions from staff members, cont.: The Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions

- percentage of the Family Classic PPO premium was the retiree's At the time the District placed a cap on that benefit, what premium?
- * At that time (2012) the percentage was 39.5%



Percentage of Retiree Medical Contribution Compared to Classic PPO

Family Rates



Retiree Health Insurance Increase

"Request that the Board increase the retirees health insurance premium, and further consider making the retirees premium a percentage of the Family Classic PPO premium annually."

"Request that the Board increase the retirees health insurance REQUEST - Retiree Health Insurance Increase

premium, and further consider making the retirees premium a percentage of the Family Classic PPO premium annually."

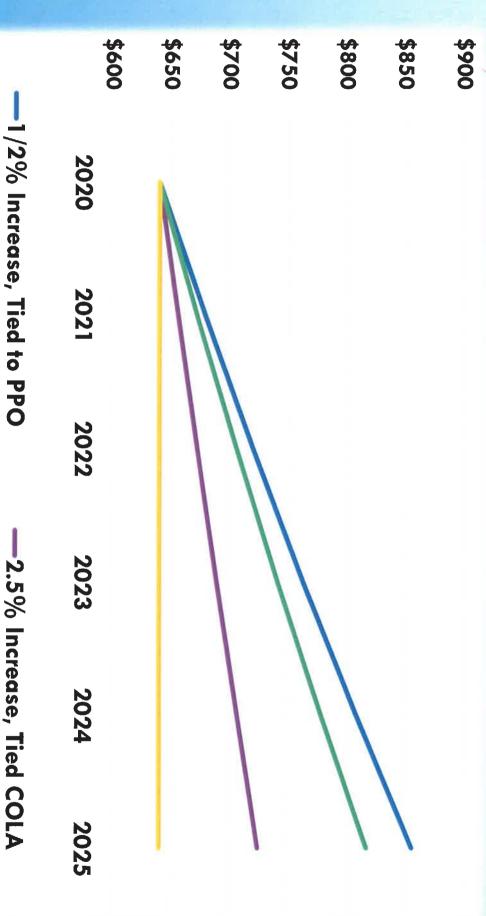
ideas:

- For retirees that retire after January 1, 2021, tie the retiree medical following slide. 5-years, increasing by $\frac{1}{2}$ % each year. After the 5-year increases, the contribution to the Classic Family PPO monthly premium for the next contribution remains at the last increase amount. Sample graph in the
- contribution to any COLA's approved by the board for the next five For retirees that retire after January 1, 2021, tie the retiree medical increase amount. Sample graph in the following slide. years. After the 5-year increases, the contribution remains at the last
- amount. Sample graph in the following slide. Return to the method the District has used in the past of increasing the medical contribution by 5% on an annual basis for the next five years. After the 5-year increases, the contribution remains at the last increase

NEW REQUEST — Retiree Health Insurance Increase

Increase of Retiree Medical Insurance Contribution Amount

Assumptions: Classic Family PPO Premium increase of 4% annually. Average COLA 2.5% annually.



—5% Increase

Current

REQUEST — Retiree Health Insurance Increase



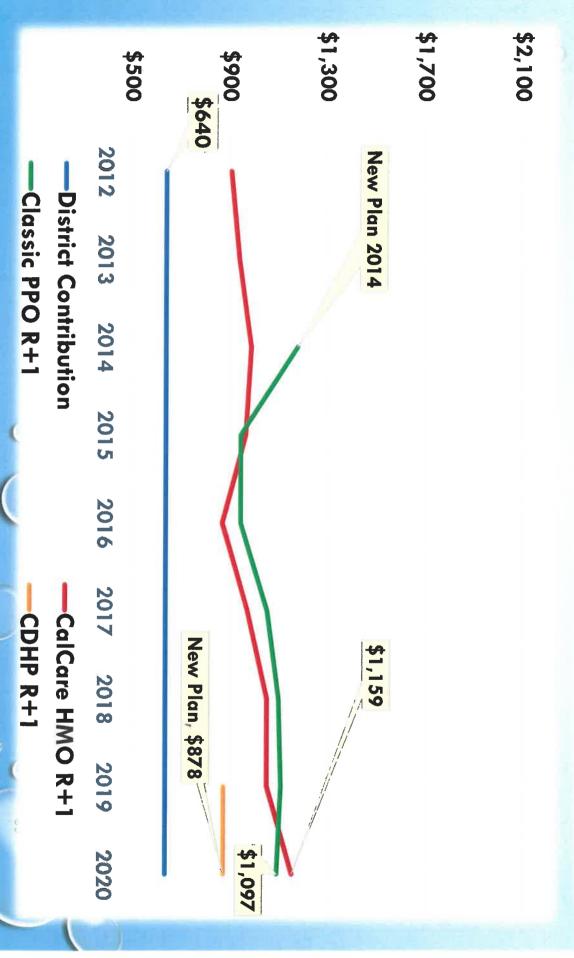
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EW REQUEST — Retiree Health Insurance Increase Medicare Coverage and the Related Impact

- ACWA/JPIA to shift to Medicare as their primary insurance Once retiree's are 65-years old, they are required by on Retiree Insurance Expense
- becomes secondary insurance (supplemental). Retiree insurance coverage provided by the District then
- Supplemental insurance premiums are always less expensive. are on average **56.7% less** than primary insurance premiums. Currently the monthly premiums for supplemental insurance
- on an annual basis changing plans as needed through open enrollment (January) Retiree's may also manage their insurance expenses by

NEW REQUEST — Retirce Health Insurance Increase

Comparison of District Retiree Medical Contribution to **Medicare Health Care Premiums**



If everyone eligible to retire suddenly NEW REQUEST — Retiree Health Insurance Increase retired in January 2021....

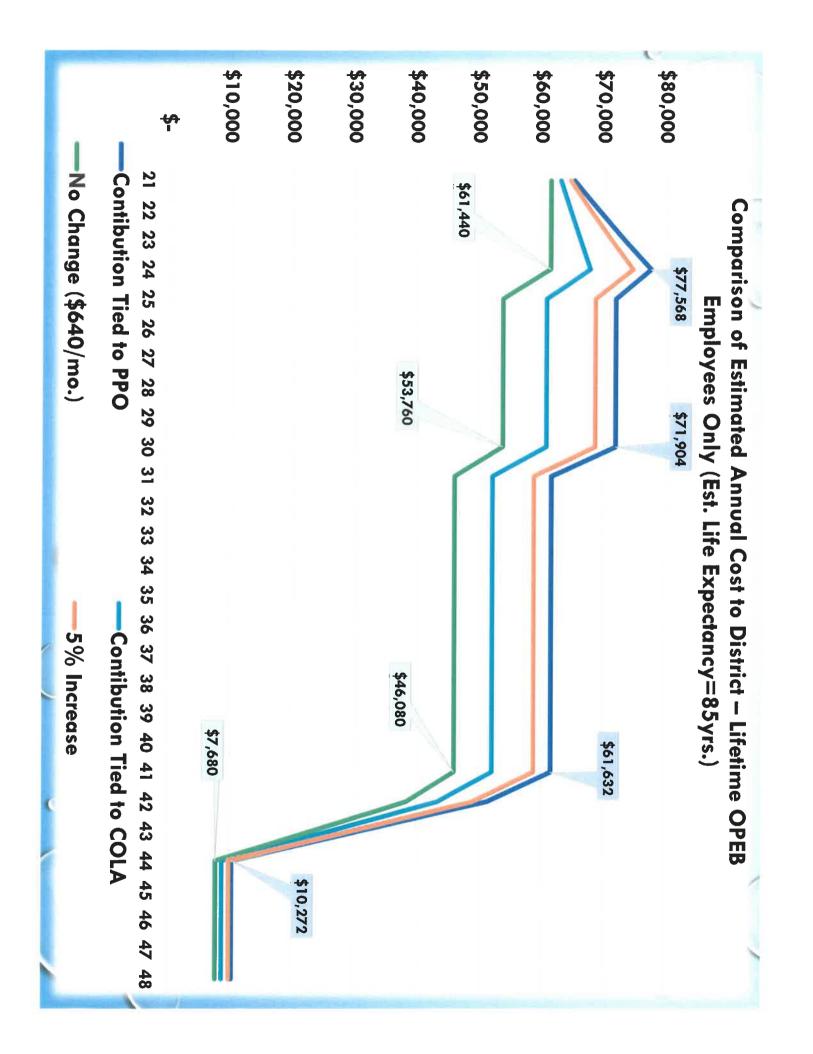
1. With **No Change**, the estimated cost to the District for these eight Current Anticipated Cost, calculating in the different CalPERS Contracts, the current two retiree medical contribution tiers, calculating a change in monthly medical contributions, AND assuming a lifespan of 85:

- retirees would be \$1,098,240 over the next 28 years
- The District is Pay-As-You-Go this cost varies from a high of 61,440/yr to a low of 7,680/yr
- 2. With implementing a **tie to the PPO** of ½% annually for five years, the \$1,528,032 over the next 28 years (+\$429,792). estimated cost to the District of these eight retirees would be
- With the Pay-As-You-Go this cost varies from a high of 65,184/yr. to a low of 10,272/yr.

NEW REQUEST — Retiree Health Insurance Increase

If everyone eligible to retire suddenly retired in January 2021....(con't)

- Current Anticipated Cost, calculating in the different CalPERS Contracts, the current two retiree medical contribution tiers, calculating a change in monthly medical contributions, AND assuming a lifespan of 85:
- 3. With implementing a tie to an (estimated) COLA of $2\frac{1}{2}$ % annually for \$1,312,656 over the next 28 years (+\$214,416). five years, the cost to the District of these eight retirees would be:
- \$62,976/yr. to a low of \$8,688/yr. With the Pay-As-You-Go - this cost varies from a high of
- 4. With implementing a 5% increase annually for five years, the cost to 28 years (+\$272,270). the District of these eight retirees would be: \$1,370,510 over the next
- With the Pay-As-You-Go this cost varies from a high of 64,512/yr. to a low of 9,802/yr.



The Continuing Evolution of Retiree Health Contributions SUMMARY

- Staff is not anticipating a decision regarding changing the retiree health contribution during this
- As can be seen, this is an incredibly complex issue with long, long, reaching impact. budget process
- of any changes is to engage the services of an The only way to get a complete picture of the impact actuarial consultant.
- board would like to go Staff is looking for guidance as to the direction the

- **NEW REQUEST** HSA Incentive On-Going
- **CalPERS Pension Liabilities**
- Worker's Compensation Ins. (Exmod Est. 1.36)
- **Payroll Tax Expenses**
- **Medical Insurance Premiums**

Total Increase

TOTAL Employee Benefits Budget \$1,746,500 +3.8%

Discussion?

ARS Pension Sta bilization Trus

FOLLOW-UP

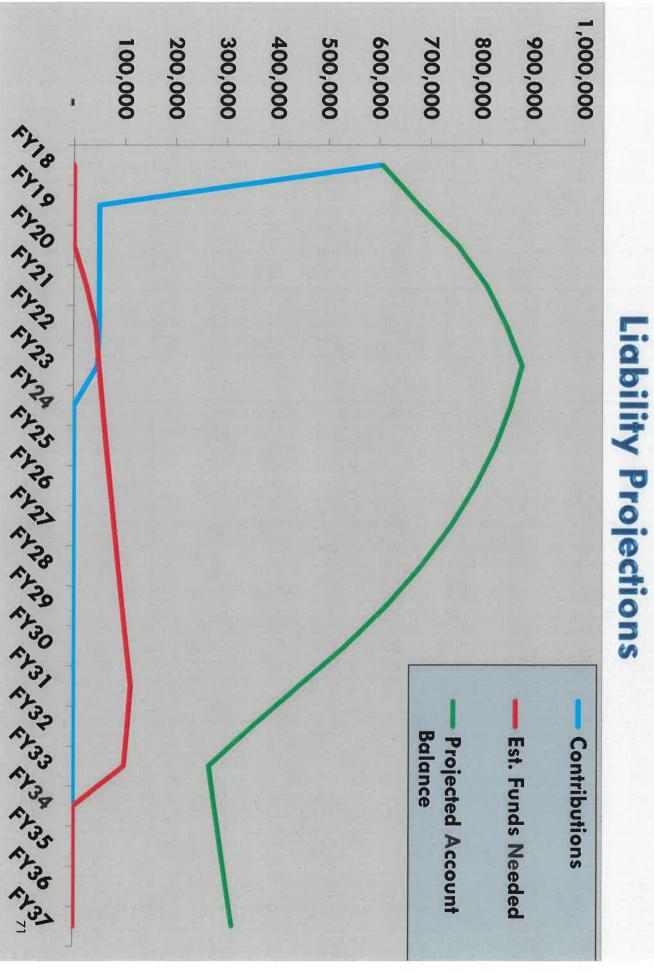
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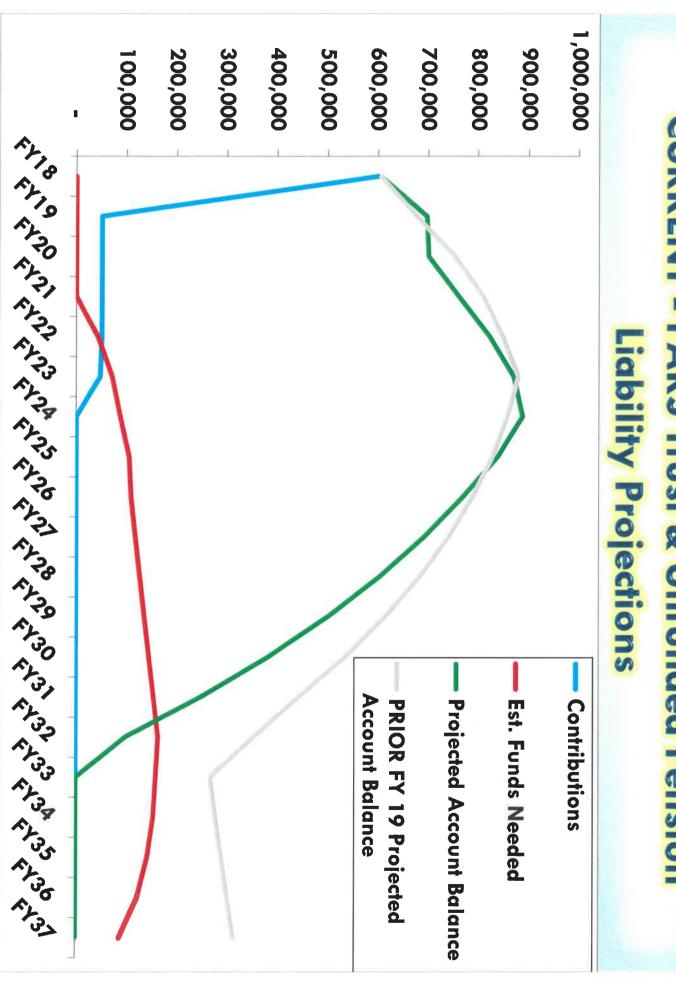
PARS Pension Stabilization Trust

- PARS Section-115 Pension Stability Trust Account established March 2018 with initial \$600,000 investment
- Additional contributions of \$50,000 made/planned each year through FY23
- FY21 Unfunded Liability Payment \$208,100
- No withdrawal from Trust planned due to COVID-19 impact on market conditions
- \$8,100 will be paid out of operating funds rather than trust account.

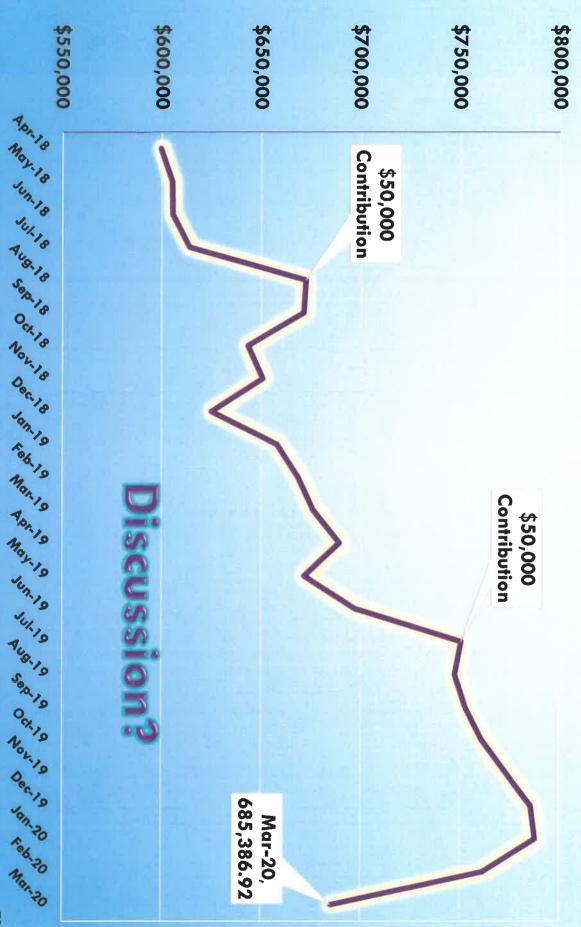
LAST YEAR - PARS Trust & Unfunded Pension



CURRENT - PARS Trust & Unfunded Pension



PARS Trust Account Balance



IMBUDGet

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Summar id Comparison

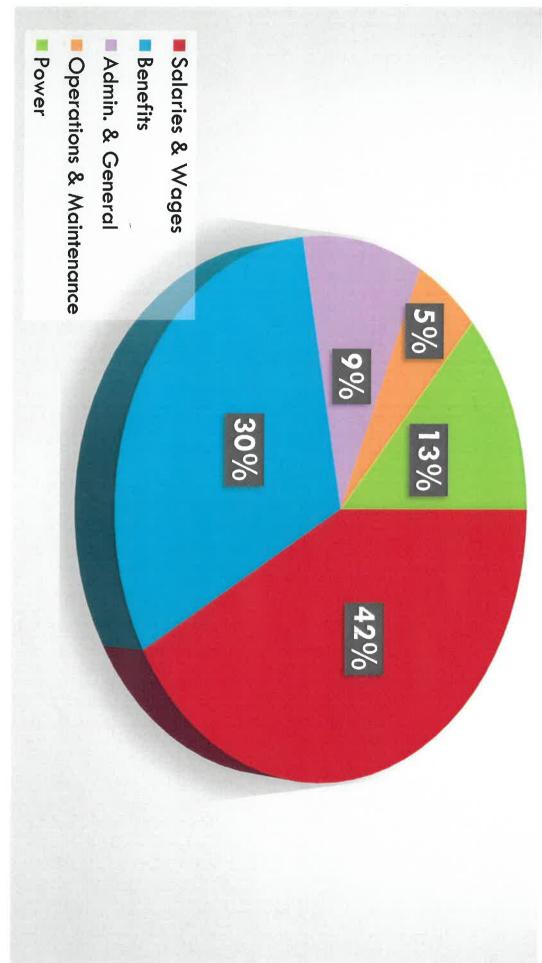
ummary and Comparison

Service & Supply and Salaries & Employee Benefits

Total S&S and SEB Budgets	Employee Benefits Budget	Salary & Wage Budget	Service & Supply Budget	
\$5,636,100	\$1,683,100	\$2,401,400	\$1,551,600	2019/20 Budget
\$5,849,000	\$1,746,500	\$2,465,200	\$1,637,300	2020/21 Budget
\$212,900	\$63,400	\$63,800	\$85,700	Difference \$
3.7%	3.8%	2.6%	5.5%	nce %

ummary and Comparison

Service & Supply and Salaries & Employee Benefits



Summary and Comparison

YEAR	S&S	SEB	TOTAL	\$ CHANGE	% CHANGE
FY2014/15	\$1,420,400	\$3,160,611	\$4,581,011	\$165,556	3.75%
FY2015/16	\$1,439,400	\$3,453,292	\$4,892,692	\$311,681	6.80%
FY2016/17	\$1,432,400	\$3,596,134	\$5,028,034	\$135,342	2.77%
FY2017/18	\$1,482,365	\$3,742,276	\$5,224,641	\$196,607	3.91%
FY2018/19	\$1,508,214	\$3,938,118	\$5,446,332	\$221,691	4.24%
FY2019/20	\$1,551,600	\$4,084,484	\$5,636,084	\$189,752	3.48%
FY2020/21	\$1,637,300	\$4,211,700	\$5,849,000	\$212,900	3.78%

Summary and Comparison

5-yr Projection of Charges to Municipal Customers

						The same of
FY21/22 (Projected)	FY20/21 (Projected)	FY2019/20	FY2018/19	FY2017/18	FY2016/17	YEAR
\$7,587,600	\$7,403,600	\$7,188,057	\$7,006,200	\$5,534,500	\$6,744,300	TOTAL MUNI CHARGES
\$184,000	\$215,500	\$181,900	\$1,471,700	<\$1,209,835>	\$604,211	\$ CHANGE
2.49%	2.99%	2.59%	26.59%	<17.94%>	9.84%	% CHANGE

Conclusion Budget Proposa

ADDITIONAL REQUESTS?